FIELD LEVEL HAZARD ASSESSMENT (FLHA)

Business name

Document: FLHA-001 Rev 1
Assessed: 2026-11-09 17:46
Valid for this shift / task only
Highest risk after controls: Medium

1. BUSINESS AND JOB DETAILS

Job	Scaffold inspection and handover	**Start date**	Nov 9, 2026
Working hours	7:00 am to 3:30 pm	**Trade**	Scaffolding

2. JOB STEPS, HAZARDS AND CONTROLS

#	Job step	Hazards	Risk before	Controls	Risk after	Responsible
1	Inspect after erection, weekly, and after storms or changes	Scaffold collapse or fall from scaffold Strong wind and storms Rules: Provincial OHS regulation, scaffolds	**Critical Possible / Fatality**	1.1 Scaffold is built, altered and taken down only by trained workers supervised by a competent worker, on a firm base with sole boards and ties. [Engineering] 1.2 Fit guardrails, mid rails and toe boards on every working platform. [Engineering] 1.3 Scaffold collapse or fall from scaffold: see step 2 for the full controls [Administrative] 1.4 Check the forecast each morning and plan work at height and lifting around the weather. [Elimination] 1.5 Tie down or weigh down loose sheets, panels, boards and rubbish at the end of each shift. [Engineering] 1.6 Set wind limits for roof work, platforms and cranes, using the manufacturer's limits, and stop when they are reached. [Administrative] 1.7 Stop work and get down in lightning. Wait 30 minutes after the last thunder before going back up. [Administrative] 1.8 Check scaffold, fencing and edge protection after strong wind before anyone uses them. [Administrative] 1.9 Do not carry large sheets on roofs in wind. [Administrative] 1.10 Wear a hard hat with a chin strap at height in windy conditions. [PPE]	**Medium Rare / Fatality**	Site supervisor
2	Check base, ties, bracing, planks, guardrails and toe boards	Scaffold collapse or fall from scaffold Falling tools and materials Rules: Provincial OHS regulation, scaffolds	**Critical Possible / Fatality**	2.1 Scaffold is built, altered and taken down only by trained workers supervised by a competent worker, on a firm base with sole boards and ties. [Engineering] 2.2 Fit guardrails, mid rails and toe boards on every working platform. [Engineering] 2.3 Use mobile scaffolds only on firm, level ground with castors locked and outriggers fitted. Never move one with anyone on it. [Engineering] 2.4 A competent worker inspects the scaffold before use each shift, after any change and after bad weather, and tags every access point: green safe, yellow caution, red do not use. [Administrative]	**Medium Unlikely / Serious injury**	Site supervisor

#	Job step	Hazards	Risk before	Controls	Risk after	Responsible
				2.5 Do not overload platforms. Know the rated load and keep material stacks over the frames. [Administrative] 2.6 Never remove ties, braces, guardrails or boards. Only the scaffolder alters the scaffold. [Administrative] 2.7 Wear a hard hat and safety boots on and around the scaffold. [PPE] 2.8 Barricade and sign the drop zone under overhead work so nobody walks beneath. [Engineering (guarding)] 2.9 Fit toe boards, kick plates and mesh screens on scaffolds and edges. [Engineering] 2.10 Use catch fans, debris netting or covered walkways where people pass below. [Engineering] 2.11 Tether hand tools when working at height. [Engineering] 2.12 Keep platforms tidy. Do not stack materials near edges or above toe board height. [Administrative] 2.13 Lower materials with a hoist, chute or rope. Never throw or drop anything down. [Administrative] 2.14 Wear a hard hat anywhere objects could fall. [PPE]		
3	Check access, ladder gates and loading limits	Falling from height Falling from a ladder Rules: Provincial OHS regulation, fall protection	**Critical Likely / Fatality**	3.1 Do the work from the ground where you can, for example pre-assemble on the ground or use extension poles. [Elimination] 3.2 Install guardrails or edge protection on all open edges before work starts. [Engineering (guarding)] 3.3 Use a scaffold, mobile work platform or aerial work platform instead of working off a ladder. [Engineering] 3.4 Where edge protection is not practical, use a fall restraint or fall arrest system on a rated anchor point. [Engineering] 3.5 Fall protection plan in place where required. Workers trained in fall protection (Working at Heights training in Ontario). [Administrative] 3.6 Have a rescue plan so a worker hanging in a harness can be brought down within minutes. [Administrative] 3.7 Wear a full body harness with a shock-absorbing lanyard, clipped on at all times when using fall arrest. [PPE] 3.8 Use a platform ladder, mobile scaffold or aerial work platform for longer jobs instead of a straight ladder. [Substitution] 3.9 Use CSA Grade 1, 1A or 1AA ladders in good condition. Remove any damaged ladder from site. [Engineering] 3.10 Set extension ladders at a 4 to 1 angle on firm, level ground, tied or footed, and reaching 1 metre above the landing. [Engineering] 3.11 Use ladders only for short, light work. Do not carry heavy or awkward loads up a ladder. [Administrative] 3.12 Keep three points of contact and your belt buckle between the side rails. Do not overreach. [Administrative] 3.13 Do not stand on the top three rungs of an extension ladder or the top step of a stepladder. [Administrative] 3.14 Check the ladder before each use: feet, rungs, side rails	**Medium Unlikely / Serious injury**	Site supervisor

#	Job step	Hazards	Risk before	Controls	Risk after	Responsible
				and locks. [Administrative] 3.15 Wear non-slip safety boots with clean soles. [PPE]		
4	Tag the scaffold safe or not safe and record it	Scaffold collapse or fall from scaffold Rules: Provincial OHS regulation, scaffolds	**Critical Possible / Fatality**	4.1 Scaffold collapse or fall from scaffold: see step 2 for the full controls [Administrative]	**Medium Rare / Fatality**	Site supervisor

Risk key: risk = likelihood x consequence on a 5 x 5 matrix. Low, Medium, High, Critical. Work must not start while the risk after controls is high or above. Controls are listed in order of the hierarchy of controls: Elimination, Substitution, Engineering (guarding), Engineering, Administrative, PPE.

3. PPE AND PERMITS

Required PPE	Permits and plans
CSA green triangle safety boots (CSA Z195) Hard hat (CSA Z94.1) High-visibility vest (CSA Z96) Safety glasses (CSA Z94.3)	Fall protection plan

4. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Plant / equipment	Licence or training needed	Inspection needed	Rego / ID	Last inspected	Certificate / report
Frame scaffold	Provincial scaffold erector training				
Rolling scaffold	Provincial scaffold training				

5. CREW COMPETENCY, TICKETS AND LICENCES

Crew listed at sign-on below, with ticket and licence numbers.

6. EMERGENCY ARRANGEMENTS

Emergency number	911	**First aid kit**	In the work vehicle
Fire extinguisher	In the work vehicle	**Alarm and evacuation**	Shout for help and stop work. Make the area safe and go to the assembly point. Call the emergency number and send someone to meet the ambulance.
Reporting incidents	Report serious incidents to the provincial regulator as required.		

7. MONITORING, REVIEW AND LEGAL BASIS

The supervisor and crew review this assessment at the start of the shift, whenever the task, crew or conditions change, and before any new work process starts. Re-assess and initial the changes below.

Legal basis: Provincial occupational health and safety law (e.g. Ontario OHSA and O. Reg. 213/91, BC OHS Regulation, Alberta OHS Code). Employers must identify hazards before

work starts and control them, and workers must be told about them. A field level hazard assessment is done on site, at the start of each shift or task, and reviewed again when conditions change.

Keep completed hazard assessments for at least 3 years (COR auditors sample the last 12 months). Review this FLHA and re-sign whenever the task, crew or conditions change.

8. PRE-JOB CHECKS

Check	Yes	No
PPE inspected and in good condition		
Tools and equipment inspected		
Permits reviewed and posted		
Locates valid and on site (if digging)		
Barricades or warning ribbon in place		
Muster point and emergency plan reviewed with the crew		
SDS available for products used		
Working alone check-in set up (if anyone works alone)		

9. RE-ASSESSMENT WHEN CONDITIONS CHANGE

Time	What changed	New hazards	Controls	Initials

10. END OF SHIFT REVIEW

Completed at		**Reviewed by**	
Area cleaned up and safe		**Permits closed**	
Incidents or near misses		**Hazards remaining**	

11. REVISION HISTORY

Rev	Date	By	What changed
1	Nov 9, 2026		First issue

12. SIGN-OFF

	Name	Signature	Date	
Prepared by				
Supervisor				
Prime contractor review				Accepted for use: Yes / No

By signing below, each worker confirms they took part in this hazard assessment, it was reviewed with them before work started, and they will follow it. Stop and re-assess if anything changes.

Name	Role / company	Tickets / licences	Signature	Date

Name	Role / company	Tickets / licences	Signature	Date